

Open Headset Interconnect Standard

> Mark Smith, N6MTS

Who am I?

Mark Smith, N6MTS

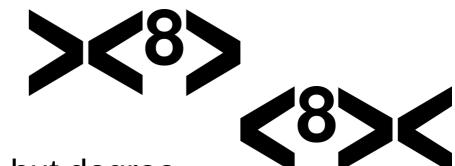
- Head Cheese, Halibut Electronics: https://electronics.halibut.com/
- A host of the Ham Radio Workbench Podcast: https://www.hamradioworkbench.com/
- Twitter and YouTube: @SmittyHalibut
- Mastodon/Fediverse: @smitty@halibut.com



Who am I?

• Ham: Active ham since 1992.

- College: Two years in Electrical Engineering, but degree in Computer Engineering
- Work: 25 years in IT, Network and Unix Systems Engineering, and Information Security.
- All Three: Left IT in 2021, started Halibut Electronics to make Ham Radio and Audiophile electronics.
- First big product, SOAR: Satellite Optimized Amateur Radio. Available late 2022.





Open Headset Interconnect Standard

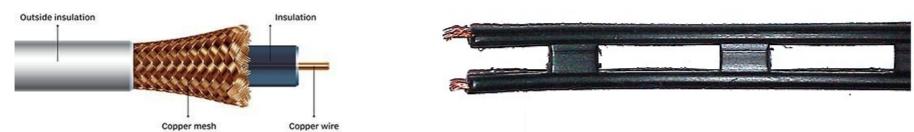
- **Open**: Any individual or company may make devices compliant with this standard, with no obligation.
- **Headset**: Describes the signaling commonly found between a user and a radio: Microphone, Headphones, and Push To Talk.
- Interconnect: Describes both the physical and electrical connection of those signals between the user and radio.
- **Standard**: Devices built to this standard will work with other devices built to the same standard.



Standards

We have electrical standards (defined, or defacto) for things like RF and Power:

• RF: 50 ohm impedance coax, 450 ohm twin lead



• Power: +13.8vDC +/- 15%



Standards

And one, or a few, physical standards that are easy to convert between:

• RF: PL-259, Type N, BNC, etc









• Power: Powerpole, 6-pin "Molex", "T" blades, etc





Standards?

No such electrical standards exist for the User to Radio interface:

- Microphone: Dynamic, Electret, or Carbon? Balanced or single ended?
- Audio out: Headphone level, speaker level, or line level? Ground referenced or push-pull? Mono or stereo?
- PTT: GPIO style contact closure to ground, or completing the mic circuit?



So many to choose from!

There are even more physical options to choose from!

- **Microphone**: 3.5mm TS/TRS? ¼" TS/TRS? XLR? "8-pin round" Aviation? 8 pin modular? 6 pin modular? What pinout?
- Audio out: 3.5mm TS/TRS? ¼" TS/TRS?
- PTT: On the mic connector? 3.5mm TS? 1/4" TS?

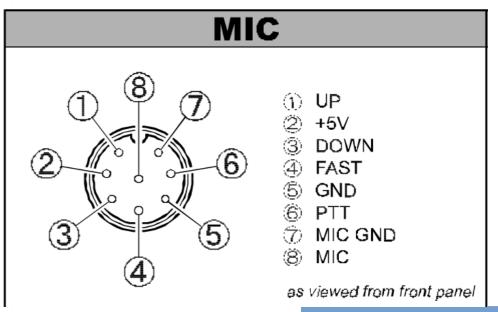


The problem is...

Heil Pro 7 Headset:



Yaesu FT-920 Microphone pinout:



The solution?

Heil AD-1-Y Adapter:

Heil Pro 7 Headset:





rophone pinout:

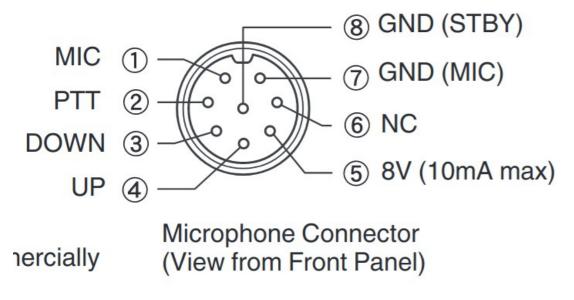
MIC

- D UP
- ② +5V
- ③ DOWN
- ④ FAST
- 5) GND
- PTT
- ⑦ MIC GND
- 8 MIC

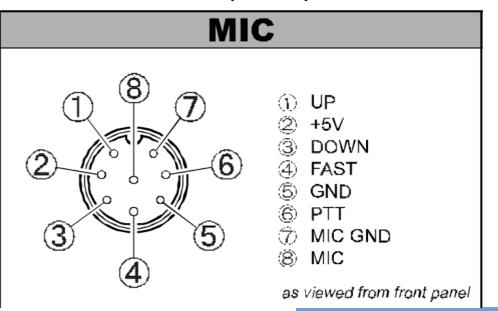
as viewed from front panel

But, I've got a Kenwood too.

Kenwood TS-890S Microphone pinout:



Yaesu FT-920 Microphone pinout:

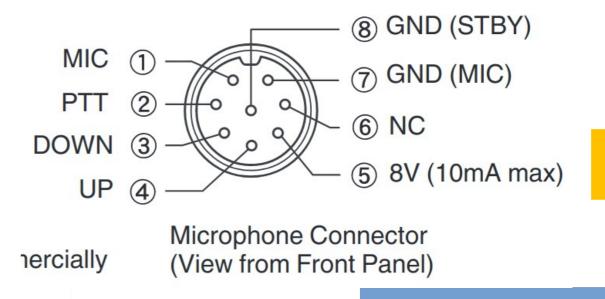


But, I've got a Kenwood too.

Heil Pro 7 Headset:



Kenwood TS-890S Microphone pinout:



Bob has me covered...

Heil Pro 7 Headset:

Heil AD-1-K Adapter:



Microphone pinout:

— (8) GND (STBY)

____ (7) GND (MIC)

~ 6 NC

— ⑤ 8V (10mA max)

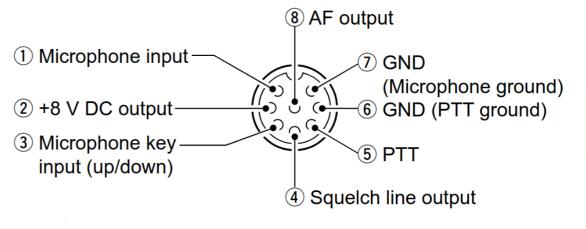
Connector ront Panel)

What about Icom?

Heil Pro 7 Headset:

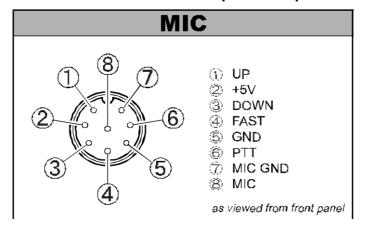


Icom IC-7300 Microphone pinout:

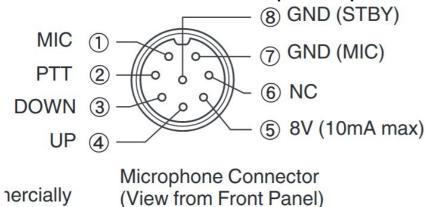


Same connect-- oh... Never mind...

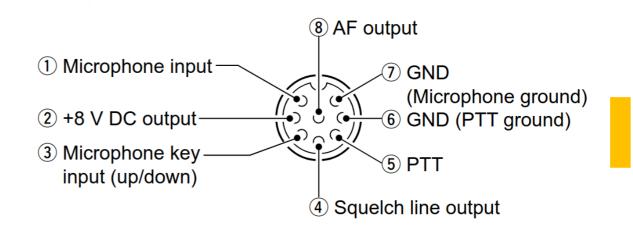
Yaesu FT-920 Microphone pinout:



Kenwood TS-890S Microphone pinout:



Icom IC-7300 Microphone pinout:

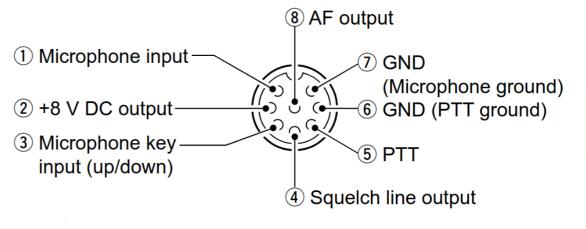


What about Icom?

Heil Pro 7 Headset:



Icom IC-7300 Microphone pinout:



Bob still has me covered...

Heil Pro 7 Head:

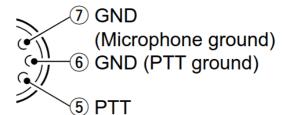


Heil AD-1-iC Adapter:



none pinout:

AF output



Squelch line output

But, wait a minute...

Heil AD-1-iC Adapter: Heil Pro 7 Head: Heil P7-IC-ELEM Microphone Element: Mono Pro 7
Headset Cartridge Plug able

none pinout:

AF output

GND
(Microphone ground)
6 GND (PTT ground)
5 PTT

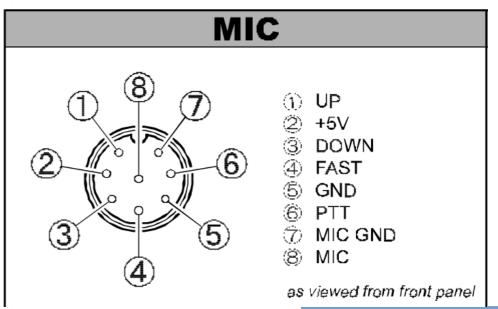
Squelch line output

Another headset,

CTIA "PC Gaming Headset" or "Mobile Phone" pinout:



Yaesu FT-920 Microphone pinout:



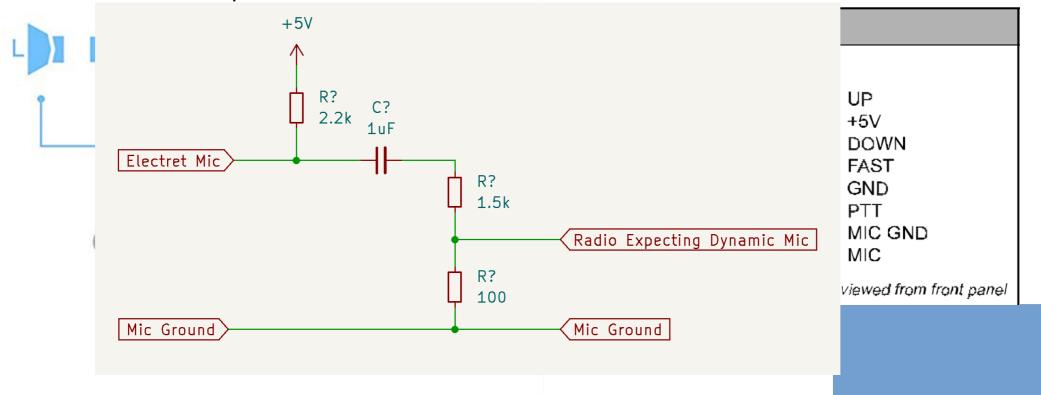
Another headset, 3 more adapters...

CTIA "PC Gaming Headset" Yaesu FT-920 Microphone pinout: or "Mobile Phone" pinout: MIC Kenwood TS-890S Microphone pinout: UP +5V (8) GND (STBY) DOWN MIC FAST GND (MIC) GND Icom IC-7300 Microphone pinout: PTT MIC GND 6 NC (8) AF output MIC - (5) 8V (10mA max) 1 Microphone input as viewed from front panel GND (Microphone ground) 2 +8 V DC output-6 GND (PTT ground) onnector ont Panel) 3 Microphone key (5) PTT input (up/down) Video Squelch line output

"Your audio is distorted!"

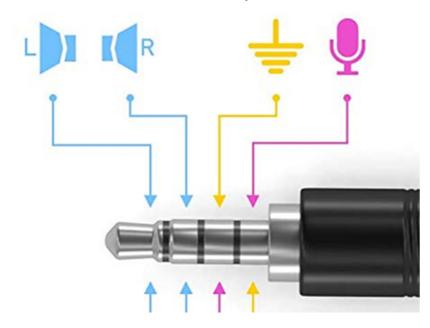
CTIA "PC Gaming Headset" or "Mobile Phone" pinout:

Yaesu FT-920 Microphone pinout:



Which 3.5mm TRRS was that?

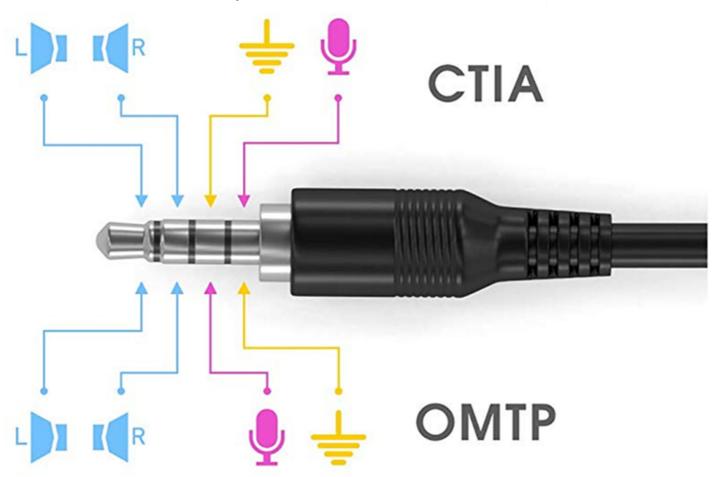
CTIA "PC Gaming Headset" or "Mobile Phone" pinout:





Which 3.5mm TRRS was that?

CTIA "PC Gaming Headset" or "Mobile Phone" pinout:





Your Adapter Game is strong.

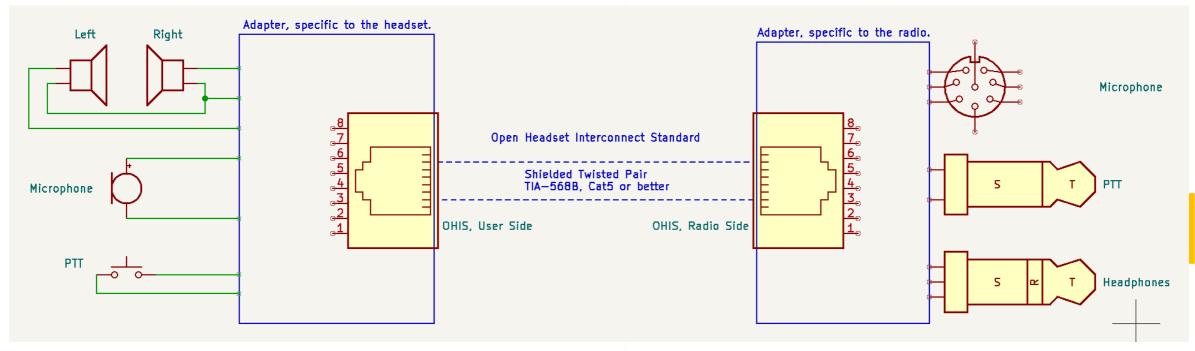
This is quickly getting out of hand.

It's a full mesh of adapters, from every different headset to every different radio.

How do we address this?



Open Headset Interconnect Standard



- User side adapter: Specific to the headset, stays with the headset.
- Radio side adapter: Specific to the radio, stays with the radio.
- Open Headset Interconnect Standard is the connection between them.

Physical:

- Connector: 8P8C Modular. (Commonly, but incorrectly, known as RJ-45.)
- Cable: Cat5 or better. Shielded is preferred but not required.
- Wiring: TIA-568A or 568B. Which pins pairs are on is important.

Allows the use of common off-the-shelf Ethernet cables.

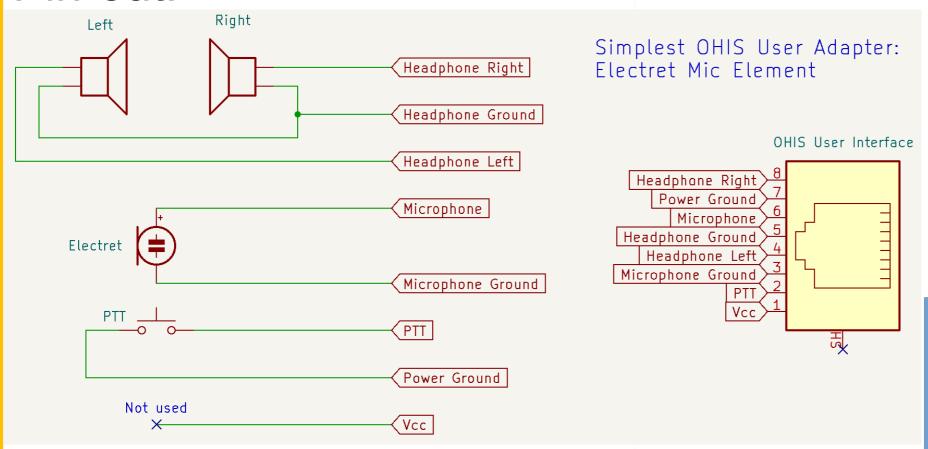


Electrical:

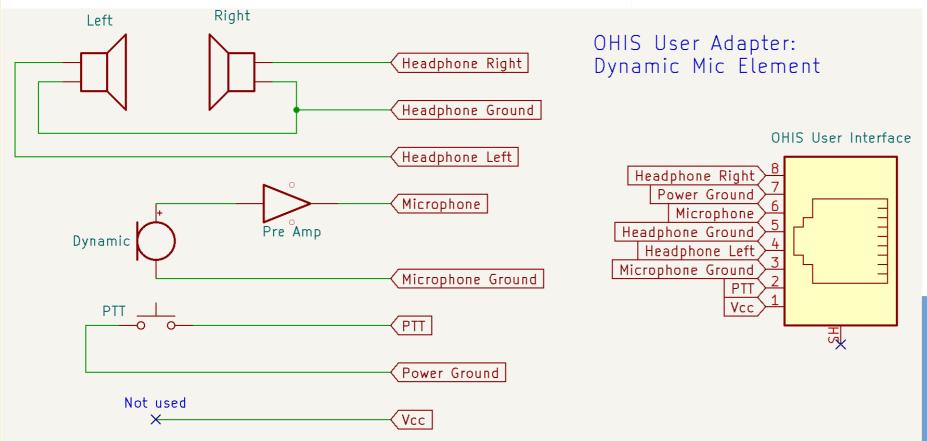
- **Microphone**: Electret level. +5vDC bias provided by Radio.
- Audio Out: Ground referenced, "Headphone" level, stereo.
- PTT: Simple contact closure to ground.
- **Power**: +5vDC 200mA provided by Radio for audio amplifiers, LED indicators, signal processing, etc.



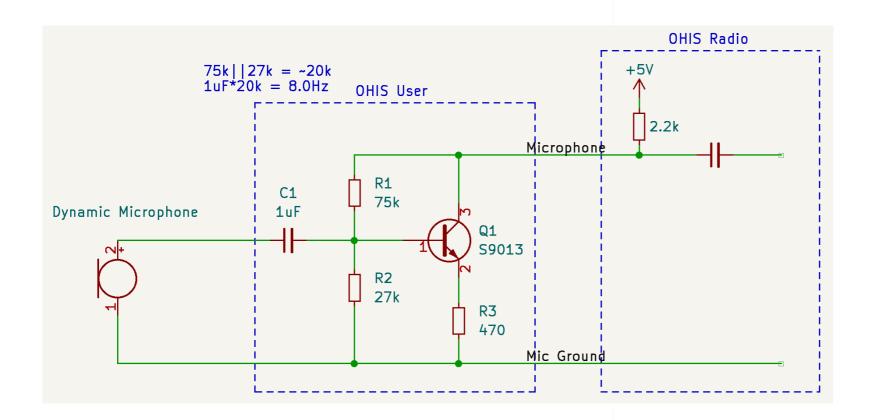
Pin-out:



Pin-out:



Dynamic Mic Preamp



Technical Details...

See the QR codes for the Standard Document, the Groups.io email list and GitHub repository at the end of this presentation.



When is OHIS useful?

- When you have several different radios and headsets.
- When you operate in a shared environment and users have their own (different) headsets.
 - Examples: Field Day, club shack, or an Emergency Operations Center.
- When you want to design and sell a device that goes between the User and the Radio, and have it work everywhere without overly complex input and output interfacing.



When is OHIS over-kill?

- When you only have one radio, or one headset, or any situation where the "full mesh" problem doesn't apply.
- When you already have all the adapters you need.
- When you prefer the simplicity of a single adapter between you and your radio.



Why an Open Standard?

- Open is how we get out of this mess.
- Halibut Electronics needed to solve this problem for future products.
- I am not Gillette.
- This is a good DIY project, and I love DIY projects



Learn more



The Standard document:

https://halibut-electronics.github.io/Open-Headset-Interconnect-Standard/Open-Headset-Interconnect-Standard.pdf



GitHub repository:

https://github.com/Halibut-Electronics/Open-Headset-Interconnect-Standard



Groups.io mailing list:

https://halibut-electronics.groups.io/open-headset-interconnect-standard/



Questions and Answers

Beginning now



Slide Title

Slide Content

